and when the particulates are deposited so as to laminate, even if they are the easily oxidized particulates, these particulates may not be oxidized since these particulates are separated away from platinum Pt or from the  $NO_x$  absorbent. Accordingly, other particulates deposit successively on these particulates 64. That is, when the state where the amount of emitted particulates (M) is larger than the amount of particulates that can be oxidized and removed (G) continues, the particulates deposit to laminate on the particulate filter.

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please replace claims 1 and 5 as follows:

1. (Amended) A device for purifying the exhaust gas of an internal combustion engine comprising:

a particulate filter arranged in the exhaust system, which carries a catalyst for absorbing and reducing  $NO_x$ , said catalyst absorbing  $NO_x$  when the air-fuel ratio in the surrounding atmosphere thereof is lean and releasing the absorbed  $NO_x$  to purify  $NO_x$  by reduction when said air-fuel ratio is stochiometric or rich; and

a catalytic apparatus for purifying  $NO_x$  arranged in the exhaust system upstream of said particulate filter, which carries said catalyst for absorbing and reducing

 $NO_x$ .

5. (Amended) A device for purifying the exhaust gas of an internal combustion engine comprising:

a particulate filter arranged in the exhaust system, which carries an oxidation catalyst for absorbing NO<sub>x</sub> when the air-fuel ratio is lean and releasing NO<sub>x</sub> when the air-fuel ratio is stochiometric or rich; and

a catalytic apparatus for purifying NO<sub>x</sub> arranged in the exhaust system upstream of said particulate filter.